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European Technical Assessment

ETA 13/0166 of 15.02.2023



General part

Technical Assessment Body issuing the ETA: ITeC

ITeC has been designated according to Article 29 of Regulation (EU) No 305/2011 and is member of EOTA (European Organisation for Technical Assessment)

Trade name of the construction product	Tempio [®] FK and Tempio [®] FS kits			
Product family to which the construction product belongs	Kits for external wall claddings mechanically fixed			
Manufacturer	CERÁMICA MAYOR SA			
	Partida Planet s/n ES-03510 Callosa d'en Sarrià (Alicante) Spain			
Manufacturing plant(s)	Partida Planet s/n ES-03510 Callosa d'en Sarrià (Alicante) Spain			
This European Technical Assessment contains	32 pages including 3 annexes which form an integral part of this assessment.			
This European Technical Assessment is issued in accordance with Regulation (EU) 305/2011, on the basis of	EAD 090062-01-0404 Kits for external wall claddings mechanically fixed. October 2021.			
This ETA replaces	ETA 13/0166, issued on 29.03.2019.			



General comments

Translations of this European Technical Assessment in other languages shall fully correspond to the original issued document and should be identified as such.

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Specific parts of the European Technical Assessment

1 Technical description of the product

This ETA refers to Tempio® FK and Tempio® FS kits¹ for external wall cladding in ventilated façades.

Tempio® FK and Tempio® FS kits components are given in table 1.1.

Detailed information and data of all the components are given in the annexes of this ETA.

Table 1.1: Kits components.

N.	Generic component		Type A - Tempio [®] FK kit (family C)	Type B - Tempio [®] FK kit (family C)	Type C - Tempio [®] FS kit (family C)	Technical description in Annex 1
1	Cladding element (*)		Tempio [®] FK-16 & Tempio [®] FK-20		Tempio [®] FS-20; Tempio [®] FS-24 & Tempio [®] FS-30	Clause A1.1
	Cladding	Fixing device	Aluminium alloy continuous horizontal profiles	Aluminium alloy discontinuous rails	Aluminium alloy clips	
2	fixing	Screw	Stainless steel screws			Clause A1.2
		Ancillary components	i	steel spring esive spot	NBR-PVC pieces	
		Vertical profile	Alu	Aluminium alloy T profiles		
3	Subframe Bracket		Aluminium alloy brackets			Clause A1.3
	İ	Subframe fixing		Stainless steel screw	s	

^(*) Extruded ceramic tiles according to EN 14411.

2 Specification of the intended use(s) in accordance with the applicable European Assessment Document (hereinafter EAD)

Tempio® FK and Tempio® FS kits are intended to be used as external wall claddings in ventilated façades (rainscreens). The walls are made of masonry (clay, concrete or stone), concrete (cast on site or as prefabricated panels), timber or metal frame in new or existing buildings (retrofit).

The characteristics of the walls shall be verified prior to use of Tempio® FK and Tempio® FS kits, especially regarding conditions for reaction to fire classification and for mechanical fixing of Tempio® FK and Tempio® FS kits.

The provisions made in this European Technical Assessment are based on an assumed working life of at least 25 years for Tempio® FK and Tempio® FS kits. The indications given on the working life cannot be interpreted as a guarantee given by the manufacturer, but are to be regarded only as a means for choosing the right products in relation to the expected economically reasonable working life of the works.

Tempio® FK and Tempio® FS kits are made of non-load bearing construction components. They do not contribute directly to the stability of the wall on which they are installed, but they can contribute to its durability by providing enhanced protection from the effect of weathering.

Tempio® FK and Tempio® FS kits are not intended to ensure the airtightness of the building envelope.

Detailed information and data regarding design, installation, maintenance and repair criteria are given in Annexes 2 and 3.

¹ "Kit" means a construction product placed on the market by a single manufacturer as a set of at least two separate components that need to be put together to be incorporated in the construction works (Art. 2 no 2 CPR).



3 Performance of the product and reference to the methods used for its assessment

The assessment of Tempio® FK and Tempio® FS kits for the intended use was performed following the EAD 090062-01-0404 *Kits for external wall claddings mechanically fixed.*

Table 3.1: Summary of Tempio® FK and Tempio® FS kits performance (see also detailed performance in relevant clauses).

	mpio [®] FK mpio [®] FS		nal wall claddings ir	n ventilated façades	(rainscreens).	
Basic Works	ETA			Performance		
Requirement	clause	Essential characteristic	Type A - Tempio® FK kit	Type B - Tempio [®] FK kit	Type C - Tempio [®] FS kit	
	3.1	Reaction to fire	A1	A1	A1	
BWR 2 Safety in case		Façade fire performance		Not assessed		
of fire		Propensity to undergo continuous smouldering	Not relevant (the thermal insulation is not a kit component)			
DWD 0	3.2	Watertightness of joints (protection against driving rain)		Not watertight (open joints)		
BWR 3 Hygiene, health and the environment		Water absorption		Not assessed		
		Water vapour permeability	(kits u	Not relevant sed in ventilated fag	çades)	
environment	3.3	Drainability	S	ee figures in Annex	2	
		Content and/or release of dangerous substances	Not assessed			
	3.4	Wind load resistance	≥ 2000 Pa (for tiles width ≤ 450 mm)	≥ 2600 Pa (for tiles width ≤ 450 mm)	≥ 2200 Pa	
		Resistance to horizontal point loads	Not assessed			
	3.5	Impact resistance	See table 3.5.1			
	3.6	Bending strength	≥ 13,8	8 MPa	≥ 18,2 MPa	
	3.7	Resistance of grooved cladding element	≥ 0,	3 kN	≥ 0,5 kN	
DWD 4		Creep test	(kits not use	Not relevant d in external ceilings	s or cornices)	
BWR 4 Safety and		Resistance to vertical load		Not assessed		
accessibility in use	3.8	Pull-through resistance of fixings from profile	≥ 2,3 kN	Not re	levant	
	3.9	Resistance of punctual cladding fixings	Not relevant	See tab	le 3.9.1	
	3.10	Resistance of profiles		See table A1.3.1		
	3.11	Tension/pull-out resistance of subframe fixings	≥ 0,85 kN			
	3.12	Shear load resistance of subframe fixings		≥ 3,75 kN		
	3.13	Bracket resistance (horizontal and vertical load)	See tables 3.13.1 & 3.13.2			



Table 3.1: Summary of Tempio[®] FK and Tempio[®] FS kits performance (see also detailed performance in relevant clauses).

					Performance		
Basic Works Requirement	ETA clause	Essential ch	naracteristic	Type A - Tempio® FK kit	Type B - Tempio [®] FK kit	Type C - Tempio [®] FS kit	
		Resistance to seismic loads. Out-of-plane fundamental vibration period Resistance to seismic loads. Out-of-plane fundamental vibration period Resistance to seismic loads. Out-of-plane acceleration Resistance to seismic loads. In-plane displacement Airborne sound insulation Type A - Tempio® FK kit Tout assessed Not assessed Not assessed Not assessed Not relevant (use in ventilated façades at					
loads. Out-of-plan acceleration Resistance to seis loads. In-plane		Not assessed					
		loads. In-plai	Not assessed Not assessed Not assessed Not assessed Not assessed Not assessed Not relevant (use in ventilated façades and the thermal insulation is not a kit component) Permal behaviour Not relevant Not relevant Not relevant (use in ventilated façades and the thermal insulation is not a kit component)				
BWR 5 Protection against noise		Airborne sou	nd insulation		Not assessed		
BWR 6 Energy economy and heat retention		Thermal resi	stance		in ventilated façade		
		Hygrothermal behaviour			Not relevant		
		•	Stance to seismic Stance to seismic Stance to seismic Stance in Polarie Not assessed Not relevant (use in ventilated façades and the thermal insulation is not a kit component) Othermal behaviour Inviour after pulsating Rot assessed Not assessed Not relevant Not assessed Not assessed Not relevant Not relevant Not relevant Not assessed Not assessed				
		Freeze-thaw	resistance		Not assessed		
		! .	ter immersion		Not relevant		
Durability aspects					Not assessed		
		ai stability	by humidity		Not assessed		
		Chemical an resistance	d biological	Not relevant			
Protection against noise BWR 6 Energy economy and neat retention Durability		UV radiation	resistance		Not relevant		
	3.14	Corrosion			See clause 3.14		

Complementary information:

Requirements with respect to the mechanical resistance and stability of non-load bearing parts of the works are not included in the Basic Works Requirement *Mechanical resistance and stability* (BWR 1) but are treated under the Basic Works Requirement *Safety and accessibility in use* (BWR 4).

The fire resistance requirement is applicable to the wall (made of masonry, concrete, timber or metal frame) and not to Tempio[®] FK and Tempio[®] FS kits themselves.

3.1 Reaction to fire

Reaction to fire of Tempio® FK and Tempio® FS kits according to Commission Delegated Regulation (EU) 2016/364 and EN 13501-1 is class A1 without need of testing according to Decision 96/603/EC as amended.

NBR-PVC pieces used in the Tempio[®] FS kit type C with clips are small components according to clause B.6 of Annex B in EAD 090062-01-0404.

These classes are valid provided that the insulation layer placed behind the cladding elements is made of non-combustible materials (e.g. mineral wool) or that the layer behind the cladding elements is a mineral substrate like masonry or concrete (class A1). For other end use conditions (for example: with



insulation layer made of EPS, XPS, PUR or PF), the reaction to fire of the external wall claddings for ventilated façades will be the reaction to fire of the insulation material.

Note: A European reference fire scenario has not been laid down for façades. In some Member States, the classification of external wall claddings according to EN 13501-1 might not be sufficient for the use in façades. An additional assessment of external wall claddings according to national provisions (e.g. on the basis of a large-scale test) might be necessary to comply with Member State regulations, until the existing European classification system has been completed.

3.2 Watertightness of joints (protection against driving rain)

Joints between the cladding elements in the external wall claddings for ventilated façades are open, therefore Tempio® FK and Tempio® FS kits are not watertight.

3.3 Drainability

On the basis of the construction details (see Annex 2), the available technical knowledge, experience and the installation criteria, it is considered that the water which penetrates into the air space, or the condensation water can be drained out from the cladding without accumulation or moisture damage or leakage into the substrate.

3.4 Wind load resistance

Wind load resistance has been assessed by calculation for each type of kit (see table 1.1) with the weakest mechanically configuration (worst case) according to the resistance values of the main components and main connexions given in clauses 3.6 to 3.13).

Table 3.4.1 indicates the maximum wind load resistance, Q, in [kN/m²] for each type of kit.

Table 3.4.1: Maximum wind load resistance.

Kit	Configuration	Maximum wind load resistance, Q [kN/m²]
Type A – Tempio [®] FK with horizontal profiles	Any	2,40
Type B – Tempio [®] FK	Any configuration with cladding element FK with H ≤ 450 mm	2,60
with discontinuous rails	Any configuration with cladding element FK with 450 mm < H ≤ 510 mm	1,60
Type C – Tempio [®] FS	Any configuration with Clip 20-24	2,20
with clips	Any configuration with Clip 30	1,95

Besides, wind load resistance has been tested for different cases depending on the type of kit considered.

The worst cases have been tested: minimum thickness, maximum width and maximum separation between cladding fixings and subframe components.

Test results are given in table 3.4.2.

For other assembled systems, wind load resistance obtained by calculation on the basis of the mechanical resistance of the kit components should not be higher than the maximum load given in table 3.4.1.



Table 3.4.2: Wind load test results.

Test	Kit	Maximum load Q (Pa)	Displacement under maximum load (mm) [deflection after 1 min recovery]
Suction (1)	_	2000 (ii)	15,6 mm [4,5 mm]
Pressure (1)	with harizantal profiles	2200 (ii)	7,4 mm [2,1 mm]
Suction (2)	with horizontal profiles	2400 (ii)	14,5 mm [5,2 mm]
Pressure (2)	_	2200 (ii)	5,0 mm [0,6 mm]
Suction (3)	Type B - Tempio® FK	2600 (i)	9,3 mm [1,1 mm]
Suction (4)	with discontinuous rails	1600 (i)	5,3 mm [0,8 mm]
Suction (5)	Type C - Tempio [®] FS with clips	2200 (iii)	9,2 mm [1,0 mm]

- (1) Tests specimen: ceramic tiles Tempio[®] FK maximum size 1200 mm x 450 mm and minimum thickness 16 mm with horizontal profiles between the tiles and with metallic springs, three vertical profiles at distances 900 mm, 9 brackets 60 mm x 3 mm (span 1000 mm) and subframe fixings.
- (2) Tests specimen: ceramic tiles Tempio[®] FK maximum size 1200 mm x 450 mm and minimum thickness 16 mm with horizontal profiles between the tiles and with spots of MS adhesive, three vertical profiles at distances 900 mm, 9 brackets 60 mm x 3 mm (span 1000 mm) and subframe fixings.
- (3) Tests specimen: ceramic tiles Tempio[®] FK maximum size 1200 mm x 450 mm and minimum thickness 16 mm with four discontinuous rails for each the tile and with metallic springs, four vertical profiles maximum distance 1200 mm, 12 brackets 60 mm x 4 mm (span 750 mm) and subframe fixings.
- (4) Tests specimen: ceramic tiles Tempio[®] FK maximum size 1200 mm x 510 mm and minimum thickness 16 mm with four discontinuous rails for each the tile and with metallic springs, four vertical profiles maximum distance 1200 mm, 12 brackets 60 mm x 4 mm (span 750 mm) and subframe fixings.
- (5) Tests specimen: ceramic tiles Tempio[®] FS maximum size 1500 mm x 500 mm and minimum thickness 20 mm with four clips for each the tile and with NBR-PVC pieces, four vertical profiles maximum distance 1500 mm, 12 brackets 60 mm x 4 mm (span 750 mm) and subframe fixings.
- (i) Failure due to ceramic tile breaks.
- (ii) Test stopped without kit failure.
- (iii) Maximum load reached without kit failure (at test equipment limit due to lack of airtightness).

3.5 Impact resistance

Impact resistance has been tested in the assembled systems given in table 3.5.1. For other assembled systems, the impact resistance has not been assessed.

Table 3.5.1: Impact resistance.

Cladding el	Cladding element		Cladding fixing		Degree of	
Trade name	Length, L (mm)	Width, H (mm)	for cladding element	Impact resistance passed	exposure in use (*)	
Tempio® FK-16	≥ 600	≤ 400	2 horizontal profiles	Hard body (0,5 kg), 3 impacts of 1 J	Cotogony IV	
Tempio® FK-20	≥ 400	200	2 horizontal profiles	Soft body (3,0 kg), 3 impacts of 10 J	Category IV	
Tempio® FK-20	1500	≤ 545	≥ 4 discontinuous rails	Hard body (0,5 kg) 3 impacts of 1 J		



Table 3.5.1: Impact resistance.

Cladding eler	ment		Cladding fixing		
Trade name	Length, L (mm)	Width, H (mm)	for cladding element	Impact resistance passed	exposure in use (*)
Tempio [®] FS-20; FS- 24 & FS-30	1500	≤ 500	≥ 4 clips	Hard body (0,5 kg), 3 impacts of 1 J	Category IV
Tempio® FS-30	≥ 400	200	≥ 4 clips	Soft body (3,0 kg), 3 impacts of 10 J	
(*) Category I: This category means that the degree of exposure in use should be a zone readily accessible to the public at ground level and vulnerable to hard body impacts but not subjected to abnormal rough use.					•
Category II: This category means that the degree of exposure in use should be a zone liable to impath thrown or kicked objects, but in public locations where the height of the kit will limit the the impact; or at lower levels where access to the building is primarily to those wi incentive to exercise care.				imit the size of	
Category		0 ,	•	of exposure in use should be a zone ropeople or by thrown or kicked objects.	ot likely to be
Category	IV: This ca	0 ,	s that the degree of	exposure in use should be a zone out	of reach from

3.6 Bending strength

Bending strength of the cladding element has been tested according to EN 10545-4. The supports of the test specimens have been positioned parallel to the extrusion of the cladding element. Mean values of the breaking load, breaking strength and bending strength are given in table 3.6.1.

Table 3.6.1: Bending strength of the cladding element.

Trade name	Load direction	Breaking load (N)	Breaking strength (N)	Bending strength (MPa)
Tompio® FV 16 510	Suction	939	4411	26,6
Tempio® FK-16-510	Pressure	963	4439	26,7
Tempio FK-16-450	Suction	1181	3154	18,4
	Suction	3497	5595	21,3
Tempio® FK-20-200	Pressure	2346	3590	13,8
Tompio® EK 20 545	Suction	1204	6103	24,2
Tempio® FK-20-545	Pressure	1071	5334	21,5
T	Suction	3842	5724	22,4
Tempio® FS-20-200	Pressure	3676	5477	21,4
T	Suction	1147	5126	18,7
Tempio® FS-20-500	Pressure	1110	4962	18,2
T	Suction	2396	10565	30,0
Tempio® FS-24-500	Pressure	1513	6719	19,2
	Suction	4300	14577	25,9
Tempio® FS-30-400	Pressure	3442	11598	20,7



3.7 Resistance of grooved cladding element

Mean and characteristic values of the grooved cladding elements are given in table 3.7.1.

The worst cases have been tested.

Table 3.7.1: Resistance of grooved cladding elements.

			Resista	ance (N)	
Test specimen		under suction action		under pres	sure action
		F _{m-u}	F _{c-u}	F _{m-u}	F _{c-u}
Tempio [®]	Top groove	1134	353	(*)	(*)
FK-16	Lower groove	1452	1073	1090	805
Tempio® FK-20	Top groove	904	588	(*)	(*)
	Lower groove	1110	612	2034	1528
Tempio [®]	Top groove	1432	831	(*)	(*)
FS-20	Lower groove	1572	1213	628	514
Tempio®	Top groove	1994	1409	(*)	(*)
FS-24	Lower groove	2950	1525	1642	1337
Tempio [®]	Top groove	1568	1334	(*)	(*)
FS-30	Lower groove	2170	1576	1068	845

^(*) Test not relevant by geometry.

Where: F_{m-u} = mean values; F_{c-u} = characteristic values giving 75% confidence that 95% of results will be higher than this value.

3.8 Pull-through resistance of fixings from profile

Pull-through resistance of fixings on cladding fixing horizontal profile has been tested. Mean and characteristic values of the pull-through resistance are given in table 3.8.1.

Table 3.8.1: Pull-through resistance of fixing from horizontal profile.

Test enesimen	Failure	load (N)	Calluna maada
Test specimen	F _{m-u}	F _{c-u}	 Failure mode
Intermediate profile: Thickness 1,4 mm, AW-6063 aluminium allo Self-drilling screw: Ø5,5 mm, A2-70 stainless steel.	oy. 2593	2375	Screw came out
Where: F_{m-u} = mean values; F_{c-u} = characteristic values giving \overline{a}	75% confidence	that 95% of	results will be highe

3.9 Resistance of punctual cladding fixings

Mean and characteristic values of the mechanical resistance of discontinuous rails and clips are given in table 3.9.1.

The worst cases have been tested.



Table 3.9.1: Resistance of discontinuous rails and clips.

Test specimen		of perr	(N) at 1 mm manent ection	Ultimate res	sistance (N)	Failure	
		F _{m-r}	F _{c-r}	F _{m-u}	F _{c-u}	_	
	Discontinuous rail double PSOA start-end for spring	1195	1043	2185	935	Predrilling hole breaks	
	Discontinuous rail double PSOI intermediate upper support	329	254	463	343	Excessive deflection	
Horizontal load	Discontinuous rail double PSOI intermediate lower support (*)	829	657	1725	468	Predrilling hole	
load	Discontinuous rail double PSOA start-end					breaks	
	Clip 20-24 simple intermediate	1070	882	1086	915	Excessive	
	Clip 20-24 simple start-end	1069	895	1981	1375		
	Clip 30 simple intermediate	852	795	1084	698	- deflection	
	Clip 30 simple start-end	524	366	1584	1217	_	
	Discontinuous rail double PSOA start-end for spring (*)						
	Discontinuous rail double PSOI intermediate lower support (*)	1087	782	3036 1408	Excessive deflection		
Vertical load	Discontinuous rail double PSOA start-end	.					
	Clip 20-24 simple intermediate (**)	676	450	782	519		
	Clip 20-24 simple start-end (**)	279	145	381	264	Excessive deflection	
	Clip 30 simple intermediate	676	450	782	519	_	
	Clip 30 simple start-end	279	145	381	264	_	

^(*) Not tested. Discontinuous rail double PSOA start-end values are applicable.

Where: F_{m-r} or F_{m-u} = mean values; F_{c-r} or F_{c-u} = characteristic values giving 75% confidence that 95% of results will be higher than this value.

3.10 Resistance of profiles

The following characteristics of the vertical profiles are given in Annex 1:

- Form and dimensions of profiles cross-sections.
- · Inertia of profiles cross-sections.
- · Minimum elastic limit of profiles material.

^(**) Not tested. Clip 30 values are applicable.



3.11 Tension / Pull-out resistance of subframe fixings

Mean and characteristic values of the pull-out resistance of subframe fixing on profile minimum thickness 3 mm are given in table 3.11.1. For lower thicknesses this performance has not been assessed.

Table 3.11.1: Pull out resistance.

Test succimen	Ultimate resistance (N)		
Test specimen —	F _{m-u}	F _{c-u}	
Profile: Thickness 3,0 mm, AW-6063 aluminium alloy. Self-drilling screw: Ø5,5 mm, A2-70 stainless steel.	1927	1715	

Where: F_{m-u} = mean values; F_{c-u} = characteristic values giving 75% confidence that 95% of results will be higher than this value.

3.12 Shear load resistance of subframe fixings

Mean and characteristic values of the shear resistance of subframe fixing on profile minimum thickness 3 mm are given in table 3.12.1. For lower thicknesses this performance has not been assessed.

Table 3.12.1: Shear resistance.

Test anssimen	Ultimate resistance (N)			
Test specimen	F _{m-u}	F _{c-u}		
Profile: Thickness 3,0 mm, AW-6063 aluminium alloy. Self-drilling screw: Ø4,8 mm, A2-70 stainless steel.	8100	7500		
Where: F_{m-u} = mean values; F_{c-u} = characteristic values than this value.	s giving 75% confidence that	95% of results will be higher		

3.13 Bracket resistance (horizontal and vertical load)

Bracket resistance to horizontal load has been tested (see table 3.13.1). Bracket resistance to vertical load has been tested (see table 3.13.2).

The worst cases have been tested.

Table 3.13.1: Bracket resistance to horizontal load.

Bracket		N) at 1 mm of deflection	Ultimate resistance (N)		
L x H x B x t (mm)	F _{m-r}	F _{c-r}	F _{m-u}	F _{c-u}	
MR-140x60x50x4 (*)	3507	2555	5495	4721	
MR-120x60x50x4	3776	2830	5879	5561	
MR-100x60x50x4	3903	2994	5819	5129	
MR-80x60x50x4	3507	2555	5495	4721	

^(*) Bracket not tested. Minimum values are applicable.

Where:

L = length; H = height; B = base; t = thickness

 F_{m-r} or F_{m-u} = mean values; F_{c-r} or F_{c-u} = characteristic values giving 75% confidence that 95% of results will be higher than this value.



Table 3.13.2: Bracket resistance to vertical load.

Bracket L x H x B x t (mm)	Resistance (N) at 1 mm of displacement		3 m	nce (N) at m of cement	Resistance at ΔL = 0,2%·L mm of permanent deflection (N)			nate nce (N)
	F _{m-1d}	F _{C-1d}	F _{m-3d}	F _{C-3d}	F _{m-r}	F _{C-r}	F _{m-u}	Fc-u
MS-140x90x50x4	835	696	1767	1402	943	714	3760	3481
MS-120x90x50x4	1179	971	2339	2083	1460	1125	4316	3900
MS-100x90x50x4	1813	1160	3215	2456	1752	1349	4614	4021
MS-80x90x50x4	2342	1914	3868	2920	2481	2309	5218	4346

Where:

L = length; H = height; B = base; t = thickness

 F_m = mean values; F_c = characteristic values giving 75% confidence that 95% of results will be higher than this value.

3.14 Corrosion of metal components

The cladding fixings, the vertical profiles and the brackets are made of aluminium alloy AW-6063 and AW-6005A according to EN 573, EN 1999-1-1 and EN 755-1. The durability is class B and the minimum thickness is 1,4 mm. Therefore, these components may be used in the following external atmospheric exposure: rural environment, moderate industrial/urban environment, but excluding industrial marine environment. These components may be used in other external atmospheric conditions exposure if the components are protected as indicated in EN 1999-1-1.

The subframe fixings are made of A2-70 stainless steel according to EN ISO 3506-1. Therefore, these components may be used in dry internal conditions or exposure in permanent damp internal conditions and also in external atmospheric exposure with high category of corrosivity of the atmosphere (included industrial and marine environment, C4 as defined in ISO 9223), provided that no particular aggressive conditions exist. Such particular aggressive conditions are e.g. permanent or alternating immersion in seawater or the splash zone of seawater, chloride atmosphere of indoor swimming pools or atmosphere with extreme chemical pollution (e.g. in desulphurization plants or road tunnels where de-icing materials are used).



4 Assessment and verification of constancy of performance (hereinafter AVCP) system applied, with reference to its legal base

According to the decision 2003/640/EC, as amended of the European Commission², the systems of AVCP (see EC delegated regulation (EU) No 568/2014 amending Annex V to Regulation (EU) 305/2011) given in the following table apply.

Table 4.1: Applicable AVPC system.

Product	Intended use	Level or class	System
Exterior wall claddings	External finishes of walls	Any	2+
	For uses subject to regulations on reaction to fire	A1	4
(*) Class A1 according to C	Commission Decision 96/603/EC, as amended.		

5 Technical details necessary for the implementation of the AVCP system, as foreseen in the applicable EAD

All the necessary technical details for the implementation of the AVCP system are laid down in the *Control Plan* deposited with the ITeC³, with which the factory production control shall be in accordance.

Issued in Barcelona on 15 February 2023

by the Catalonia Institute of Construction Technology.



Ferran Bermejo Nualart Technical Director, ITeC

² 2003/640/EC – Commission Decision of date 4 September 2003, published in the Official Journal of the European Union (OJEU) L226/21 of 10/09/2003.

³ The Control Plan is a confidential part of the ETA and is only handed over to the notified certification body involved in the assessment and verification of constancy of performance.



ANNEX 1: Description of Tempio® FK & Tempio® FS kits

Tempio® FK and Tempio® FS kits for external wall claddings in ventilated façades are composed by:

- Cladding elements: five types of extruded ceramic tiles (see table A1.1) according to harmonised standard EN 14411:
 - Tempio® FK-16 (see figure A1.1a).
 - Tempio® FK-20 (see figure A1.1b).
 - Tempio® FS-20 (see figure A1.1c).
 - Tempio® FS-24 (see figure A1.1d).
 - Tempio® FS-30 (see figure A1.1e).
- 2. Cladding fixings: three types of cladding fixings according to family C given in EAD 090062-01-0404:
 - Aluminium alloy continuous horizontal profiles (see table A1.2.1 and figures A1.2.1), stainless steel screws for fixing to subframe and stainless-steel springs or MS adhesive spots as ancillary components.
 - Aluminium alloy discontinuous rails (see table A1.2.1 and figures A1.2.1), stainless steel screws for fixing to subframe and stainless-steel springs or MS adhesive spots as ancillary components.
 - Aluminium alloy clips (see table A1.2.2 and figures A1.2.2), stainless steel screws for fixing to subframe and NBR-PVC pieces as ancillary components.
- Subframe components:
 - Vertical profile: Aluminium alloy T profiles
 - Bracket: Aluminium alloy supporting and retaining brackets.
 - Stainless steel screws between the vertical profile and the bracket.

A1.1 **Cladding elements**

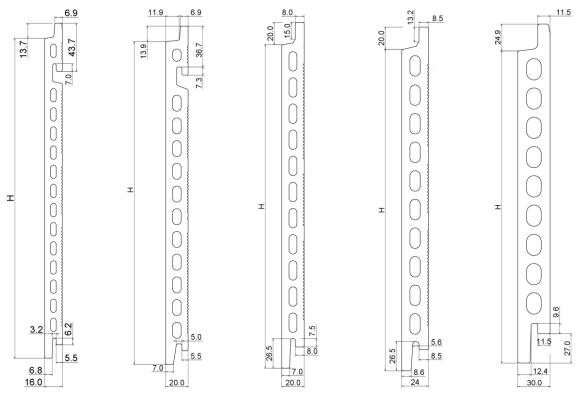


Figure A1.1a: Tempio® FK-16 tile.

Figure A1.1b: Tempio® FK-20 tile.

Figure A1.1c: Tempio® FS-20 tile.

Figure A1.1d: Tempio® FS-24 tile.

Figure A1.1e: Tempio® FS-30 tile.



Table A1.1: Tempio® FK & Tempio® FS cladding elements.

Observatoriation			Value			Reference
Characteristic	FK-16	FK-20	FS-20	FS-24	FS-30	
Form Tile Grooves	Figure A1.1a	Figure A1.1b	Figure A1.1c	Figure A1.1d	Figure A1.1e	
Nominal length (mm)	(variable) \pm 1,0 $L_{max} \le 1200$	(variable) ± 1,0 L _{max} ≤ 1500	(variable) ± 1,0 L _{max} ≤ 1500	(variable) ± 1,0 L _{max} ≤ 1500	(variable) ± 1,0 L _{max} ≤ 1500	
Nominal width (mm), H	$200 \pm 2,0$ $250 \pm 2,5$ $280 \pm 3,0$ $300 \pm 3,0$ $400 \pm 4,0$ $450 \pm 4,0$ $510 \pm 4,0$	200 ± 2.0 250 ± 2.5 280 ± 3.0 300 ± 3.0 400 ± 4.0 450 ± 4.0 545 ± 4.0	$200 \pm 2,0$ $225 \pm 2,0$ $250 \pm 2,5$ $280 \pm 3,0$ $300 \pm 3,0$ $374 \pm 3,0$ $450 \pm 4,0$ $500 \pm 4,0$	200 ± 2.0 250 ± 2.5 280 ± 3.0 300 ± 3.0 400 ± 4.0 500 ± 4.0	200 ± 2.0 250 ± 2.5 300 ± 3.0 400 ± 4.0	EN ISO
Thickness (mm), I	_ 16 ± 1,6	$20 \pm 2,0$	$20 \pm 2,0$	$24 \pm 2,4$	30 ± 3.0	10545-2
Rectangularity			± 1,0 %			
Straightness of sides			± 0,5 %			
Central curvature	<u></u>					
Lateral curvature			± 0,5 %			
Warping						
Surface appearance			> 95 %			
Water absorption (% weight)			2,33 % ± 0,3			
Apparent relative density (kg/m³)			2440 ± 20			EN ISO
Bulk density (kg/m³)			1950 ± 19			10545-3
Apparent porosity (%)			14 ± 1			
Weight (kg/m²)	28,5	33	31 ± 1	42	48	
Breaking strength (N)			4117			EN ISO
Modulus of rupture (MPa)	> 3000	> 3000	> 3000	> 3000	> 3000	10545-4
Resistance to thermal shock						EN ISO 10545-9
Crazing resistance for glazed tiles	_		No defects			EN ISO 10545-11
Frost resistance						EN ISO 10545-12

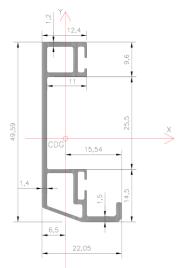


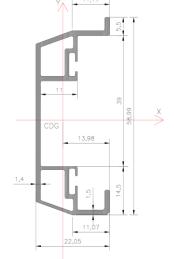
A1.2 Cladding fixings

 Table A1.2.1: Horizontal profiles and discontinuous rails geometric and material properties.

Characteri	stic			٧	alue			Reference
			Geo	metric prop	erties			
		PSOA sta spr		PSOI into	ermediate	PSOA s	start-end	
Type of pro	file	Horizont. profiles	Disconti- nuous rails	Horizont. profiles	Disconti- nuous rails	Horizont. profiles	Disconti- nuous rails	
Form and o	dimensions	Figure /	41.2.1a	Figure	A1.2.1b	Figure	A1.2.1c	. -
Standard le	ength	4,0 m	101 mm	4,0 m	101 mm	4,0 m	101 mm	
Weight per (g/m)	linear metre	45	59	5	64	3	37	
Cross secti	on (mm²)	170	,07	208	3,73	124	4,80	-
Inertia of	I _{xx} (cm ⁴)	5,	5,18		16	1,	67	_
profile section	I _{yy} (cm ⁴)	0,	51	0	97	0,	23	
			Ма	terial prope	rties			
Material (*)		Aluminiu	ım alloy AW	6063 T5	Alumini	um alloy AW	6005 T6	_
Durability c	lass				В			_
Specific we	eight (kg/m³)			27	700			_
Elastic limit	R _{p0,2} (MPa)	a) ≥ 130 ≥ 225			_			
Elongation	(%)		≥ 6			≥ 8		_
Tensile stre (MPa)	ength R _m		≥ 175			≥ 270		EN 1999-1-1
Modulus of elasticity at 20 °C (MPa)		70000					EN 755-2	
Poisson coefficient		0,3					-	
expansion	Coefficient of thermal expansion between 50 C and 100 °C			2	3,0			

(*) Other aluminium alloys according to EN 755-2 with better material mechanical properties than AW 6063 T5 may be used.





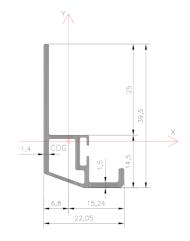


Figure A1.2.1a: PSOA with spring.

Figure A1.2.1b: PSOI.

Figure A1.2.1c: PSOA small.



Table A1.2.2: Clips geometric and material properties.

Characteristic		Va	alue		Reference			
Geometric properties								
Type of profile	Start-end clip FS 20-24	Start-end clip FS 30	Intermediate clip FS 20-24	Intermediate clip FS 30				
Form and dimensions	Figure A1.2.2a	Figure A1.2.2b	Figure A1.2.2c	Figure A1.2.2d				
Weight per linear metre (g/m)	389	492	602	997				
Standard length (mm)		20	0,0		•			
Cross section (mm²)	144	182	223	369				
	ı	Material propert	ies					
Material (*)		Aluminium allo	y AW 6005 T6					
Durability class		E	3					
Specific weight (kg/m³)	_	27	00					
Elastic limit R _{p0,2} (MPa)		≥ 1	90					
Elongation (%)		≥	5					
Tensile strength R _m (MPa)		≥ 2	30		EN 1999-1-1 EN 755-2			
Modulus of elasticity at 20 °C (MPa)		70000						
Poisson coefficient		0,3						
Coefficient of thermal expansion between 50 °C and 100 °C (um/(m-°C))		23	3,0					

(*) Other aluminium alloys according to EN 755-2 with better material mechanical properties than AW 6005 T6 may be used.

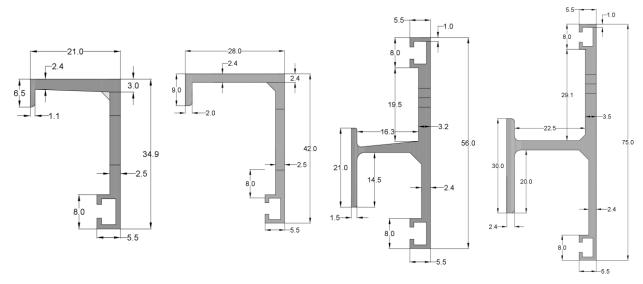


Figure A1.2.2a: Start-end clip FS 20-24.

Figure A1.2.2b: Start-end clip FS 30.

Figure A1.2.2c: Intermediate clip FS 20-24.

Figure A1.2.2d: Intermediate clip FS 30.



Table A1.2.3: Ancillary components.

Component	Characteristic	Value	Reference	
	Description	NBR-PVC piece		
	Material	NBR-PVC		
	Size (mm x mm)	20 x 24		
	Density (kg/m³)	1,32 ± 0,03	ISO 1183 A	
Clip joint	Hardness, 15 sec (ShA)	65 ± 3	ISO 868	
onp jour.	Tensile strength (MPa)	≥ 12	A OTM D 440	
	Elongation at break (%)	≥ 300	ASTM D 412	
	Tear strength (N/mm)	≥ 30	ASTM D 624	
	Melt mass-flow rate (MFR) (2,16 kg/190°C), 10 min (g)	≥ 12	ISO 1133	
	Trade name	Spring for discontinuous rail and horizontal profile		
Metallic spring	Material	1.4310 (X10CrNi18-8)	EN 10088-X	

A1.3 Subframe

Table A1.3.1.: Tempio® FK and Tempio® FS vertical profiles geometric and material properties.

		Geometri	c properties					
Type of profile	ile	Form and	Weight per linear metre	Cross section	Inertia of profile sect (cm ⁴)			
	- almensions		(mm²)	I _{xx}	lyy			
T 40x50	40 x 50 x 3,0	Figure A1.3.1a	0,715	265	1,61	6,70		
T 105x60	105 x 63 x 2,0	Figure A1.3.1b	1,212	449	21,15	16,24		
T 120x50	120 x 50 x 3,0	Figure A1.3.1c	1,364	505	43,21	8,96		
			Material properti	es				
Characteristi	ic		Value		Ref	erence		
Material (*)			EN AW-606	63				
Treatment			T5					
Durability clas	S		В					
Specific weigh	nt (kg/m³)		2700		EN 755			
Elastic limit (N	лРа)		130					
Elongation (%	(a)		≥ 6					
Tensile streng	gth (MPa)		175	— EN	— EN 1999-1			
Modulus of el	asticity (MPa)		70000					
Poisson coeff	icient		0,3					
	thermal expansion beto	ween	23,0					

^(*) Other aluminium alloys according to EN 755-2 with better material mechanical properties than AW 6063 T5 may be used.



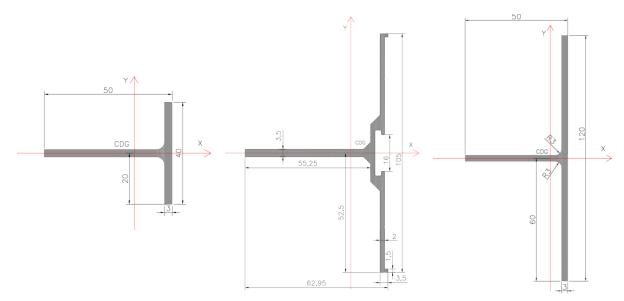


Figure A1.3.1a: T40x50x3.

Figure A1.3.1b: T105x63x2.

Figure A1.3.1c: T120x50x3.

Table A1.3.2: Tempio® FK and Tempio® FS brackets geometric and material properties.

Type of bracket		Form and dimensions	Mass per unit (kg)
	MS-80x90x50x4		0,12
Cupporting brooksts	MS-100x90x50x4	Figure A1 2 2c	0,14
Supporting brackets	MS-120x90x50x4	Figure A1.3.2a	0,16
	MS-140x90x50x4		0,17
	MR-80x60x50x4		0,08
Retaining brackets	MR-100x60x50x4	Figure A1 2 2b	0,10
	MR-120x60x50x4	Figure A1.3.2b	0,11
	MR-140x60x50x4		0,12
Material properties			
Characteristic		Value	Reference
Material (*)		EN AW-6063	
Treatment		T5	
Durability class		В	
Specific weight (kg/m ³)	2700	
Elastic limit (MPa)		130	
Elongation (%)		6	EN 755
Tensile strength (MPa)		175	— EN 1999-1
Modulus of elasticity (MPa)		70000	
Poisson coefficient		0,3	
Coefficient of thermal expansion between 50 °C and 100 °C (µm/(m.°C))		23,0	<u> </u>

^(*) Other aluminium alloys according to EN 755-2 with better material mechanical properties than AW 6063 T5 may be used.



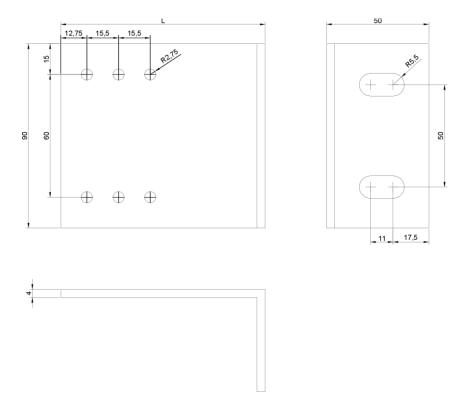


Figure A1.3.2a: Supporting bracket MS-Lx90x50x4.

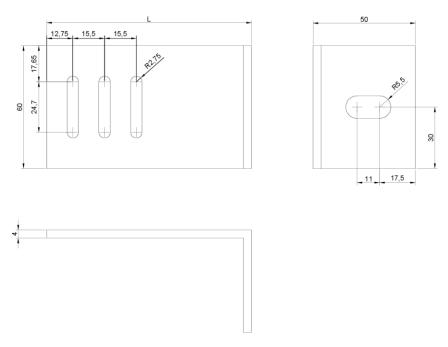


Figure A1.3.2b: Retaining brackets MR-Lx60x50x4.



Table A1.3.3: Tempio[®] FK and Tempio[®] FS subframe fixing.

Fixing elements	Geometry		Mate	Reference		
Position	Туре	Description	Туре	Class		
Between the cladding fixing (clip, discontinuous rail or horizontal profile) and the vertical profiles	Self- drilling	5,5 x L	Stainless steel	A2-70	EN ISO 3506-4 EN ISO 15480	
Between the vertical profile and the bracket	screws				EN ISO 10666	



ANNEX 2: Essential construction details

A2.1 Tempio® FK kit

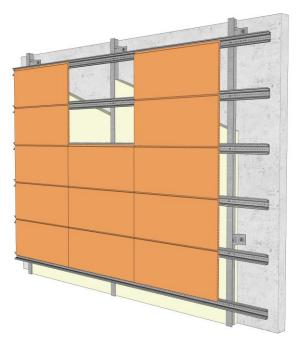


Figure A2.1.1a: Tempio® FK kit with horizontal profiles. General view.

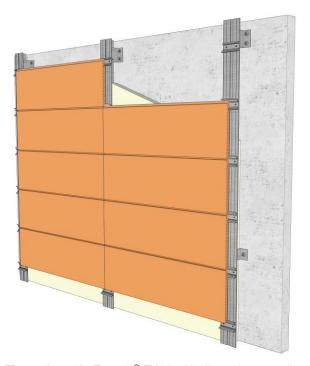


Figure A2.1.1b: Tempio[®] FK kit with discontinuous rails. General view.

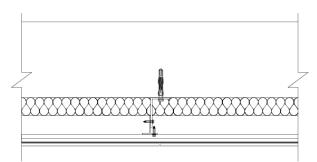


Figure A2.1.2a: Tempio® FK kit with horizontal profiles. Horizontal section.

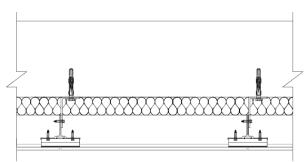


Figure A2.1.2b: Tempio[®] FK kit with discontinuous rails. Horizontal section.



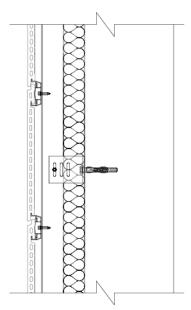


Figure A2.1.3: Tempio® FK kit. Vertical section.

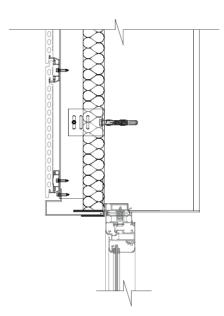


Figure A2.1.5a: Tempio® FK kit. Aluminium lintel.

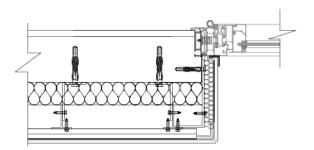


Figure A2.1.6a: Tempio[®] FK kit with horizontal profiles. Jamb (Option 1).

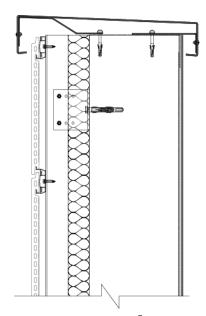


Figure A2.1.4: Tempio[®] FK kit. Vertical section. Roof edge.

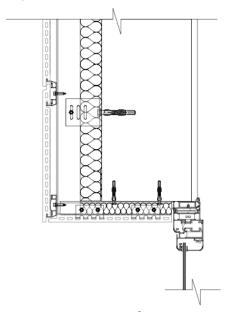


Figure A2.1.5b: Tempio® FK kit. Ceramic lintel.

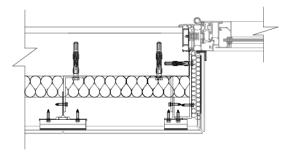


Figure A2.1.6b: Tempio $^{\rm @}\,{\rm FK}$ kit with discontinuous rail. Jamb (Option 1).



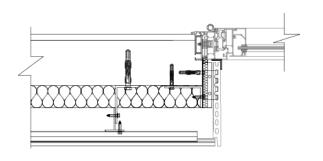


Figure A2.1.6c: Tempio $^{\scriptsize @}$ FK kit with horizontal profiles. Jamb (Option 2).

Figure A2.1.6d: Tempio $^{\mbox{\tiny @}}$ FK kit with horizontal profiles. Jamb (Option 3).

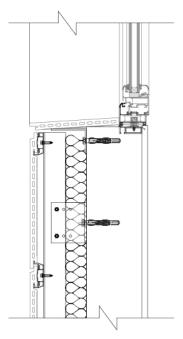


Figure A2.1.7a: Tempio® FK kit. Ceramic Sill.

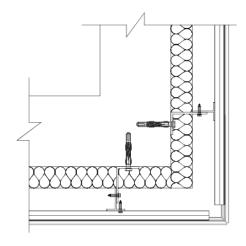


Figure A2.1.8a: Tempio[®] FK kit with horizontal profile. Convex corner.

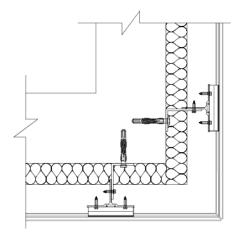


Figure A2.1.8b: Tempio[®] FK kit with discontinuous rail profile. Convex corner.



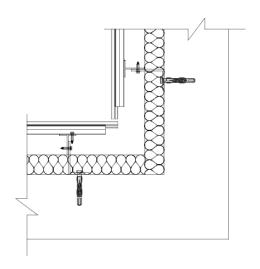


Figure A2.1.9a: Tempio[®] FK kit with horizontal profile. Concave corner.

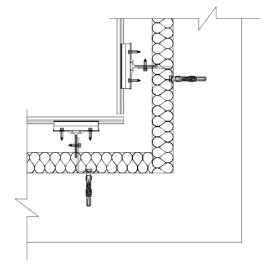


Figure A2.1.9b: Tempio® FK kit with discontinuous rail profile. Concave corner.

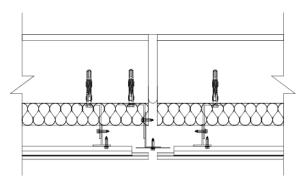


Figure A2.1.10a: Tempio[®] FK kit with horizontal profile. Movement joint.

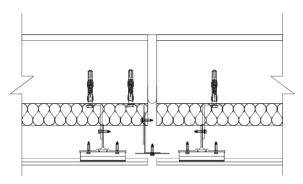


Figure A2.1.10b: Tempio[®] FK kit with discontinuous rail profile. Movement joint.

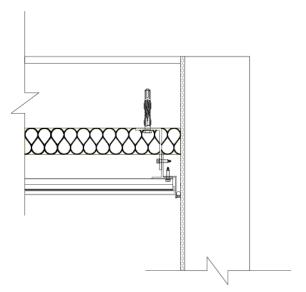


Figure A2.1.11a: Tempio[®] FK kit with horizontal profile. Side termination.

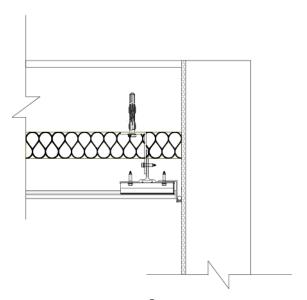


Figure A2.1.11b: Tempio[®] FK kit with discontinuous rail profile. Side termination.



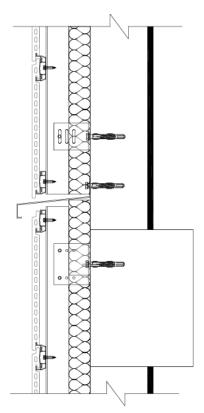


Figure A2.1.12: Tempio® FK kit. Compartmentation of air space.

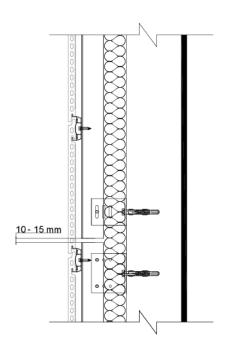


Figure A2.1.13: Tempio® FK kit. Joint between two vertical profiles.

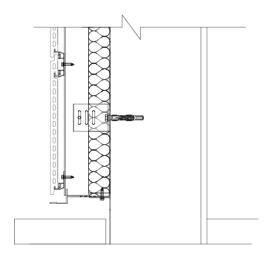


Figure A2.1.14:Tempio® FK kit. Base edge.

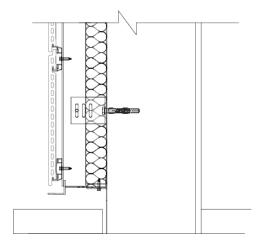


Figure A2.1.15:Tempio® FK kit. Base edge.



A2.2 Tempio® FS kit

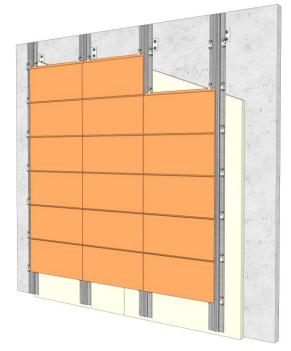


Figure A2.2.1: Tempio® FS kit. General view.

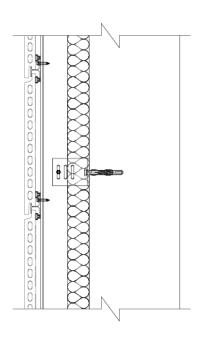


Figure A2.2.2: Tempio® FS kit. Vertical section.

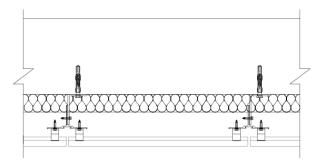


Figure A2.2.3a: Tempio® FS with T105x60. Horizontal section.

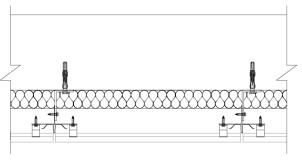


Figure A2.2.3b: Tempio[®] FS with T120x50. Horizontal section.

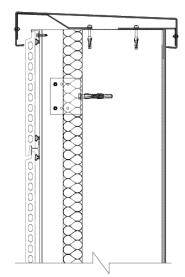


Figure A2.2.4: Tempio® FS kit. Roof edge.

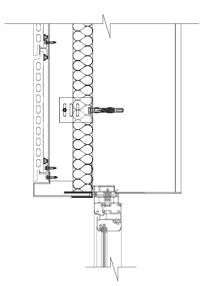


Figure A2.2.5: Tempio® FS kit. Lintel.



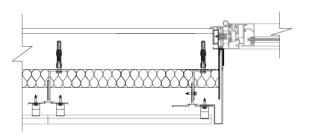


Figure A2.2.6a: Tempio[®] FS kit with T105x60. Aluminium Jamb.

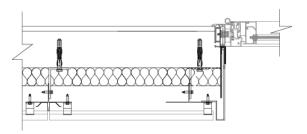


Figure A2.2.6b: Tempio[®] FS kit with T120x50. Aluminium Jamb.

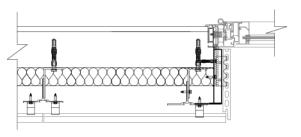


Figure A2.2.6c: Tempio[®] FS kit with T105x60. Ceramic Jamb (Option 1).

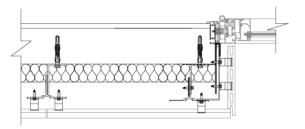


Figure A2.2.6d: Tempio[®] FS kit with T105x60. Ceramic Jamb (Option 2).

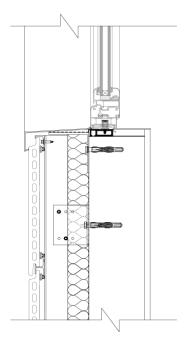


Figure A2.2.7: Tempio® FS kit. Sill.



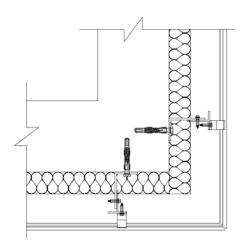


Figure A2.2.8a: Tempio® FS kit with T105x60. Convex corner.

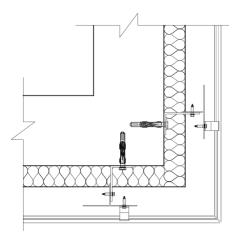


Figure A2.2.8b: Tempio[®] FS kit with T120x50. Convex corner.

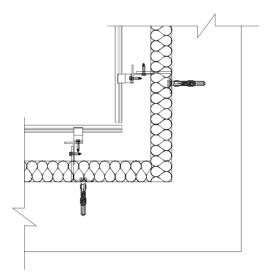


Figure A2.2.9a: Tempio[®] FS kit with T105x60. Concave corner.

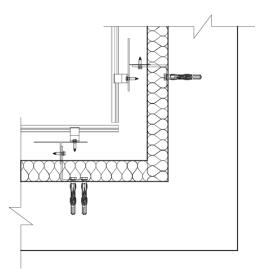


Figure A2.2.9b: Tempio® FS kit with T120x50. Concave corner.

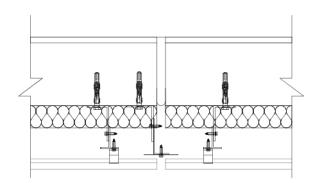


Figure A2.2.10a: Tempio[®] FS kit with T105x60. Movement joint.

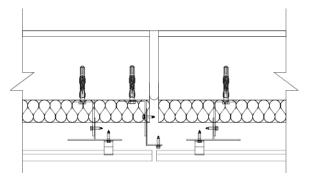
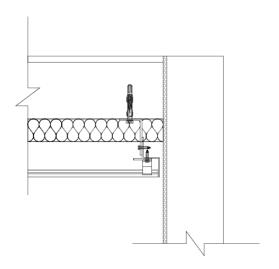


Figure A2.2.10b: Tempio[®] FS kit with T120x50. Movement joint.





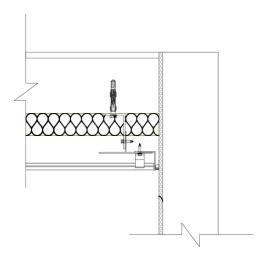
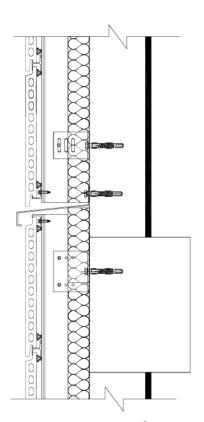


Figure A2.2.11a: Tempio[®] FS kit with T105x60. Side termination.

Figure A2.2.11b: $Tempio^{\$}$ FS kit with T120x50. Side termination.





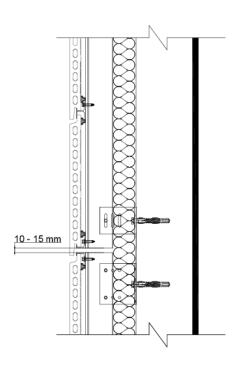


Figure A2.2.13: Tempio[®] FS kit. Joint between two vertical profiles.



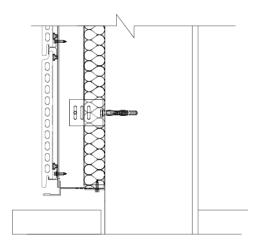


Figure A2.2.14: Tempio® FS kit. Base edge.



ANNEX 3: Design, installation, maintenance and repair criteria

A3.1 Design

The design of the external wall claddings for ventilated façades using Tempio® FK and Tempio® FS kits should consider:

- It is assumed that the substrate wall meets the necessary requirements regarding the mechanical strength (resistance to static and dynamic loads) and the airtightness, as well as the relevant resistance regarding watertightness and water vapour.
- The verification of the designed system by means of calculation, taking into account the mechanical characteristic values of the kit components in order to resist the actions (dead loads, wind loads, etc.) applying on the specific works. National safety factors and other national provisions must be followed.
- The selection and verification of the brackets which support the subframe vertical profiles considering compatible materials (e.g. aluminium alloy) and the mechanical resistance (vertical and horizontal resistance) according to the envisaged actions obtained from the mechanical calculation of the designed system.
- The selection and verification of the anchors between the brackets and the external walls (substrate), taking into account the substrate material and the minimum resistance required (pull-out and shear resistance) according to the envisaged actions obtained from the mechanical calculation of the designed system.
- The accommodation of the designed system movements to the substrate or structural movements.
- The execution of singular parts of the façade; some examples of construction details are indicated in Annex 2.
- The corrosion protection of the designed system metallic components taking into account the category of corrosivity of the atmosphere of works (e.g. acc. ISO 9223).
- The drainability of the ventilated air space between the cladding elements and the insulation layer or the external wall accordingly.
- An insulation layer is usually fixed on the external wall and should be defined in accordance with a harmonised standard or a European technical assessment and taking into account the section 3.1 of this ETA.
- Because the joints are not watertight, the first layer behind ventilated air space (e.g. insulation layer) should be composed by materials with low water absorption.

A3.2 Installation

Installation of the external wall claddings for ventilated façades using Tempio® FK and Tempio® FS kits should be carried out:

- According to the specifications of the manufacturer and using the components specified in this ETA.
- In accordance with the design and drawings prepared for the specific works. The manufacturer should ensure that the information on these provisions is given to those concerned.
- By appropriately qualified staff and under the supervision of the technical responsible of the specific works.

A3.3 Maintenance and repair

Maintenance of the external wall claddings for ventilated façades using Tempio® FK and Tempio® FS kits includes inspections on site, taking into account the following aspects:

- Regarding the cladding elements: the appearance of any damage such as cracking, detachment, delamination, and mould presence due to permanent moisture or permanent irreversible deformation.
- Regarding metallic components: the presence of corrosion or presence of water accumulation.

When necessary, any repair to localized damaged areas must be carried out with the same components and following the repair instructions given by the manufacturer.